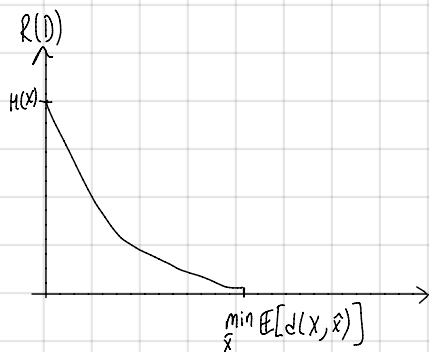


$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Let } T &\sim \text{unif}\{1, \dots, n\} \\
 T &\perp\!\!\!\perp (X^n, \mu, \hat{X}^n) & \rightarrow & \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i; \hat{X}_i) \\
 & & & = n I(X_T; \hat{X}_T | T) \\
 & & & \geq n I(X_T; \hat{X}_T) \quad \leftarrow X_T \perp\!\!\!\perp T \text{ as } X_i \text{ are iid.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Lastly, define $X = X_T$, $\hat{X} = \hat{X}_T$, notice $X \sim P_X$

Also " $E[d(X, \hat{X})] = E[E_{T(X, \hat{X})} [d(X, \hat{X})]]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= E\left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n d(X^n, \hat{X}^n)\right] \\
 &\leq D
 \end{aligned}$$



10/13/2016
Thursday

Let (R, D) be in the interior:

$$\Rightarrow \exists P_{\hat{X}|X} \text{ s.t.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I(X; \hat{X}) &< R \\
 E[d(X, \hat{X})] &< D
 \end{aligned}$$

Codebook: Derive $P_{\hat{X}}(\hat{x}) = \sum_x P_X(x) P_{\hat{X}|X}(\hat{x}|x)$

$C = \{\hat{X}^n(m)\}_{m=1}^{2^{nR}}$ where $\hat{X}^n(m)$ are i.i.d. $\sim P_{\hat{X}}$ $\forall m$ and independent.

Encoder: Choose $\epsilon > 0$, find any m s.t. $(\underbrace{X^n}_{\text{observed}}, \hat{X}^n(m)) \in \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)}$ Transmit m (error occurs only if $\hat{X}^n(m)$!)
 If error, choose any m .

$\hookrightarrow$ complexity is in encoder (cf. channel coding thm proof, where complexity is in decoder)

Decoder: Reconstruct $\hat{X}^n(m)$

Expected Distortion: $\mathbb{E}[d(X^n, \hat{X}^n)] = \underbrace{P(\text{error})}_{\rightarrow 0} \underbrace{\mathbb{E}[d(X^n, \hat{X}^n) | \text{error}]}_{\leq \max_{x, \hat{x}} d(x, \hat{x}) \triangleq d_{\max}} + \underbrace{(1 - P(\text{error}))}_{\leq 1} \underbrace{\mathbb{E}[d(X^n, \hat{X}^n) | \text{no error}]}_{\leq (1+\epsilon) \mathbb{E}[d(X, \hat{X})] \leq D}$

$< D$ $\leftarrow$ (for n large and ϵ small enough)

if ϵ small enough.

$P[\text{error}] \leq P[X^n \notin T_\epsilon^{(n)}] + \underbrace{P[\epsilon | X^n \in T_\epsilon^{(n)}]}_{\leftarrow}$ $\epsilon: \forall m, (X^n, \hat{X}^n(m)) \notin T_\epsilon^{(n)}$

$\left(P[(X^n, \hat{X}^n(1)) \notin T_\epsilon^{(n)} | X^n \in T_\epsilon^{(n)}] \right)^{2^{nR}} \leq (1 - (1-\epsilon) 2^{-n(I(X;Y) + 4\epsilon)})^{2^{nR}} \quad (1-x \leq e^{-x})$
 $\leq e^{-(1-\epsilon) 2^{n(I(X;Y) + 4\epsilon)}}$ (see prev. notes!)

note:

correct way to do it

$\sum_{x^n} P_{X^n}(x^n) P[(x^n, \hat{X}^n) \notin T_\epsilon^{(n)}]$

$= \sum_{x^n \notin T_\epsilon^{(n)}}$

$\sum_{x^n \in T_\epsilon^{(n)}} P_{X^n}(x^n) P(\forall m, (x^n, \hat{X}^n(m)) \notin T_\epsilon^{(n)})$

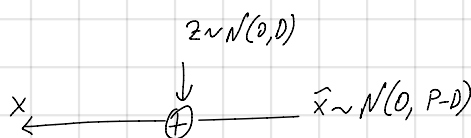
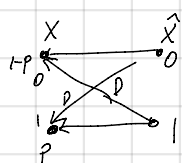
$\leq e^{-\epsilon 2^{n(R - I(X;Y) - 4\epsilon)}}$

$\rightarrow 0$

Let $\epsilon < \frac{R - I(X;Y)}{4}$

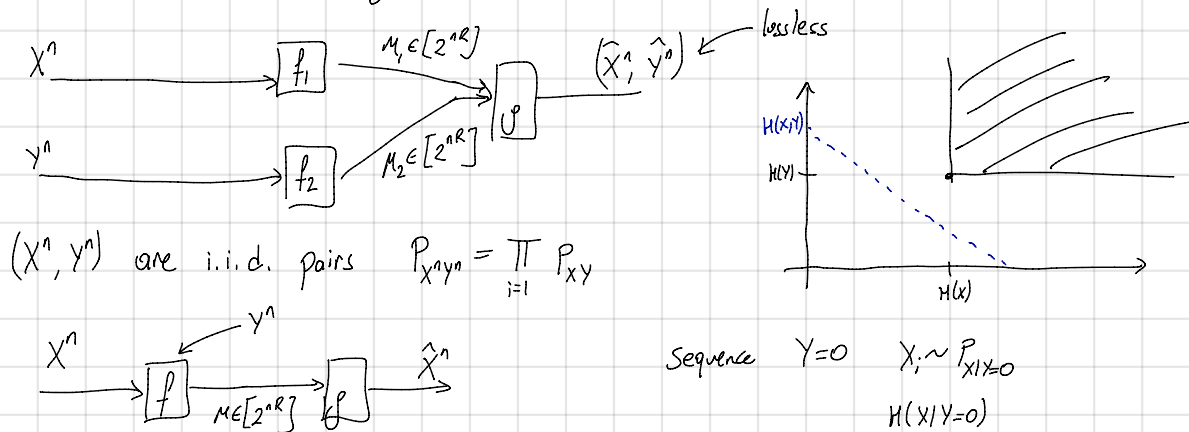
Binary - Hamming

$R(D) = h(p) - h(D)$ for $D \leq p \leq \frac{1}{2}$



Slepian-Wolf (1973)

Distributed Source Coding



inf of achievable rates = $H(X|Y)$

Achievability: Enumerate conditionally typical set, or interleaving, or Random Encode (Hash function)

Converse: $X^n - (Y^n, M) - \hat{X}^n$, Assume R is achievable $\Rightarrow P[X^n \neq \hat{X}^n] < \epsilon$

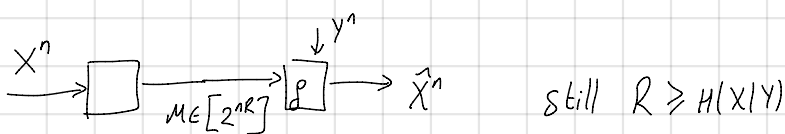
$$nR \geq H(M)$$

$$\geq H(M|Y^n)$$

$$\geq I(X^n; \hat{X}^n) \quad \text{D. P. I.}$$

$$= H(X^n | Y^n) - H(X^n | \hat{X}^n, Y^n)$$

$$\stackrel{\text{Fano}}{\geq} nH(X|Y)$$



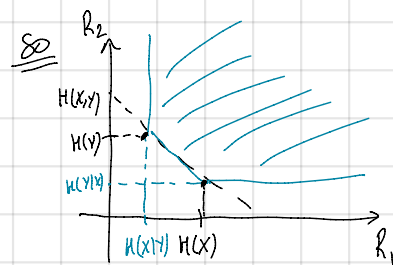
Thm: Closure of Achievable (R_1, R_2) rate pairs is

$$(R_1, R_2):$$

$$R_1 \geq H(X|Y)$$

$$R_2 \geq H(Y|X)$$

$$R_1 + R_2 \geq H(X, Y)$$



"Random Binning" (Cover 1975)

Codebook: For each $x^n \in \mathcal{X}^n$, randomly (uniform) assign $M_1(x^n) \in \{1, 2, \dots, 2^{nR_1}\}$ ^{independently}

for each $y^n \in \mathcal{Y}^n$, randomly (uniform) assign $M_2(y^n) \in \{1, 2, \dots, 2^{nR_2}\}$ ^{independently}

X and Y codebooks are independent.

Encoder: Transmit $M_1(x^n)$ and $M_2(y^n)$

Decoder: (let ϵ be small): Find unique (x^n, y^n) such that $(x^n, y^n) \in \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)}$
 $M_1(x^n) = M_1$
 $M_2(y^n) = M_2$

Error events: 1. $(x^n, y^n) \notin \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)}$ A.E.P

2. $\exists (x^n, y^n) \neq (x^n, y^n)$ s.t. 3 requirements hold.

Union bound

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{error}_2) &\leq \sum_{\substack{(x^n, y^n) \in \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)} \\ (x^n, y^n) \neq (x^n, y^n)}} P[M_1(x^n) = M_1] P[M_2(y^n) = M_2] \\ &\leq \sum_{\substack{(x^n, y^n) \in \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)} \\ x^n \neq x^n, y^n \neq y^n}} 2^{-n(R_1+R_2)} + \sum_{\substack{x^n, y^n \in \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)} \\ x^n \neq x^n, y^n = y^n}} 2^{-nR_2} + \sum_{\substack{x^n, y^n \in \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)} \\ x^n = x^n, y^n \neq y^n}} 2^{-nR_1} \\ &\quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ &\quad |\mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)}(x, y)| \quad \mathcal{T}_\epsilon^{(n)}(y | x^n) \end{aligned}$$

Multiple Access Channel

